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Turin, June 3. *N. S.*

THE French Troops in the Aſteſan and the neighbouring Countreis making ſeveral Motions, with intent to draw together at Fontanella, our Duke gave Directions for the forming of a Camp at Chivas, and Count Guido of Staremberg went thither yeſterday. It is ſaid his Royal Highneſs intends to go into the Field in 6 or 7 days, and his Equipage is all in a readineſs for that purpoſe. The Enemy have lately quitted Pignerol; upon Notice whereof Monſieur Deſportes, who commands in the Vallies, went to ſee in what Condition they had left that Place, and came hither to give an Account thereof to his Royal Highneſs, by whom he was ſent back two days ago, with Orders to diſmantle it. Since the Enemy's abandoning Pignerol, 17 of their Serjeants, with a conſiderable number of private Men, have deſerted and come over to us. A Serjeant and 12 Men belonging to the Gariſon of Montmeillan, who went from hence about 3 weeks ago, with Orders to endeavour to get into that Place, returned hither laſt week, and brought with them the Marquis de Fourbin, a French Colonel of Horſe, whom they met on the little Mount St. Bernard, coming from France to his Regiment, which is with the Duke of Vendoſme, and took him Priſoner. The Enemy are making great Magazines at Ivrea for the Subſiſtence of their Forces.

Venice, June 13. *N. S.* Letters from the Breſcian give an Account, That Prince Eugene had ſent a Detachment of 1000 Foot and 2500 Horſe to Nave, who had begun to fortify that Place; and was ſince marched thither with part of his Army, intending to advance towards the Oglio. His Highneſs had been joined by two Regiments and ſome Recruits from Germany, amounting in the whole to about 2500 Men; and expected a Reinforcement of 4000 Men of the Elector Palatine's Forces, who were already come on this ſide of Trent, and continued their March with all diligence. The French Troops had not yet made any Motion.

Wilna, June 1. Part of the Muſcovite Forces, under the Command of General Czeremet, have paſſed the Weiſſel, for their greater Conveniency in furniſhing themſelves with Proviſions and Forage; but the main Body of his Troops is to continue on this ſide. The Czar is ſaid to be advanced as far as Plosko with a Body of Coſſacks, and to be marching hither with all diligence, intending, as is reported, to beſiege Riga, while General Czeremet, with the Forces under his Command, makes head againſt the Swediſh Army.

Vienna, June 13. The Imperial Army under General Erbeville lies ſtill in the Iſland of Schut; nor have the Hungarians of late given any Diſturbance on the Frontiers. The late Emperor's Obſequies are now celebrating in the Church of the Auguſtine Fryars, where a very ſtately Mauſoleum is erected for that purpoſe. The Sieur Stafford, Great Marſhal to the Duke of Wirtemberg, is lately arrived here, being ſent by that Duke to make his Compliments of Condoleance and Congratulation upon the Death of the late Emperor, and upon his Imperial Majeſty's Acceſſion to the Throne. Monſieur Trichateau is alſo come hither from Nancy, upon the like Errand from the Duke of Lorrain. General Cuſani went from hence two days ago towards Hungary. Prince Maximilian of Hanover is on his Departure for the Imperial Army on the Rhine. An Expreſs is lately arrived from Piedmont, who on the 9th Inſtant paſſed through Prince Eugene's Army, which was then preparing to march from Gavardo towards the Oglio.

Dreſden, June 17. The King of Poland is ſtill at Carelsbad, and intends to continue there 8 or 10 days longer; after which his Majeſty will return hither, and then proceed to the Camp at Gorlitz, where moſt of his Troops are already arrived: They are at preſent employed in making a Line from that Place to Schiedlitz, for the Security of that Frontier. An Officer is lately come to Carelsbad from Breſcici, who is ſaid to have brought Letters to his Majeſty from the two Crown Generals, the Crown Treaſurer, and Crown Chamberlain, and from the Nobility of Sendomir, Podolia and Ruſſeland, full of Aſſurances of their conſtant Duty and Loyalty to his Majeſty, and Zeal for his Service.

Francfort, June 21. Prince Lewis of Baden being indiſpoſed, is gone to Schlangenbad, to uſe the Waters there. The Count de Friſe marches with the Imperial Troops towards the Moſelle. The French in Alſace are drawing their Troops together at Haguenau.

From the Duke of Marlborough's *Camp at* Dreyborn, *June* 24. On the 17th Inſtant, about one in the morning, the Army commanded by his Grace the Duke of Marlborough decamped from Elft, and came into the Neighbourhood of Triers. Our March was covered by 20 Squadrons of Horſe, that compoſed the Rear-Guard. The French Army under the Marſhal de Villars continued in the mean time very quiet in their Camp between Sirk and Thionville, and none of their Troops came out to obſerve us. That day proved very rainy, which rendred our March uneaſy; and our Forces not arriving before it was late in the Camp which had been marked out for them, were obliged to halt there the next day. His Grace left the Palatine Troops, under the Command of the Count d'Aubach, being 7000 in number, with thoſe of Weſtphalia, to ſecure Triers, and guard the Moſelle: The Duke of Wirtemberg's Forces in the Pay of the States General, to the number of 4000 Men, and thoſe of Pruſſia, being 12000 Men, were ordered to join Prince Lewis, as thoſe of Weſtphalia were alſo to do, as ſoon as the Marſhal de Villars ſhould have made any conſiderable Detachment. The 19th the remainder of the Foot, with the Train of Artillery, continued their March towards the Maeſe, under the Command of General Churchill. The ſame day the Duke of Marlborough ſent the Baron de Hompeſch to Monſieur d'Auverquerque, to concert Matters with him, and to meet his Grace on the March. The 20th his Grace followed with the Horſe, and encamped at Hopital, and the next day at Bibrich; the Foot and Artillery marching in two Bodies by different ways, and the Horſe taking a third Route, for the greater Conveniency of the Troops; but the whole is to join the 27th at Duren. That day we received Advice, That the Marſhal de Villars had on the 17th detached the Marquis d'Allegre with 15 Battalions and as many Squadrons, who, as was ſuppoſed, were to join 12 Battalions and 2 Regiments of Dragoons detached 3 days before by the Marſhal de Villars, in order to march into the Biſhoprick of Liege; which Deſign our Motions would probably diſappoint. On the 22d the Duke of Marlborough marched with the Horſe from Bibrich to Pruyn, halted there yeſterday, proceeded this day to Dreyborn, and intends to continue his March to morrow to Duren. His Grace ſent Orders the 21ſt to General Churchill to detach 100 Men, with all the Granadiers, out of each Battalion, to meet the Horſe at Duren the 26th. And there being Advice come in ſince, That the Enemy had been retarded two or three days before Liege for want of their Artillery, his Grace ſent freſh Orders to the Earl of Orkney, who commands that Detachment, to haſten his March, ſo as to be at Duren to morrow, or at leaſt ſo early the next day, as to be able to proceed with the Horſe ſomewhat further the ſame day; his Grace making this extraordinary diligence, that, if poſſible, he may join Monſieur d'Auverquerque time enough to ſave the Citadel of Liege, or give Battle to the Marſhal de Villeroy before he can draw off his Cannon.

Hague, June 26. *N. S.* An Expreſs arrived this morning from the Duke of Marlborough, with the News, That his Grace was advancing with all poſſible Diligence in order to preſerve the Citadel of Liege: And by another Expreſs ſince come in, which was ſent by Monſieur d'Auverquerque, we have an Account, That his Grace was expected laſt night at Maſtricht; That a Detachment of 100 Men out of each Battalion, and of all the Granadiers of the Army under his Command, would be there to morrow, and the whole Army would come up the day following. Lieutenant-General Hompeſch, who had been ſent by the Duke of Marlborough to confer with Monſieur d'Auverquerque, arrived in his Camp the 23d; and after having been preſent in a Council of War that was held upon his Arrival, was gone back to meet his Grace, and give him an Account of what Reſolutions had been taken there. The Enemy, upon Advice of his Grace's Motions, had begun to draw off their Artillery and Ammunition from before the Citadel of Liege, and to put it on board ſeveral Boats on the Maeſe, and were preparing to march from thence. At the departure of the Expreſs mentioned above to have been diſpatched hither by Monſieur d'Auverquerque, he had ſent out a Party with Orders to march above Liege, and endeavour to ſink a long Bark a-croſs the Maeſe, in a place where the Chanel of that River is very narrow, in order to ſtop the French Boats with their Artillery; which, if it ſucceeds, may perhaps give us an Opportunity of poſſeſſing our ſelves of it. There was Advice in our Army on the Maeſe, That the Marſhal de Villars had ſent the Troops of the French King's Houſhold to join the Marſhal de Villeroy, and deſigned to make up that Reinforcement 30000 Men in all. Letters from Madrid of the 5th Inſtant give an Account, That a great Conſpiracy had been diſcovered in Granada a few days before it was to have broke out; and that ſeveral Perſons had been impriſoned upon that account; but that the principal Perſon among the Conſpirators, and 10 of the chief of his Accomplices, had made their Eſcape: That the Duke of

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